

SWEETING CHARGES IN ARMY ORDERED FROM WASHINGTON

Many Noncommissioned Officers
Serving in Oahu Barracks Will
Return To Mainland

FEBRUARY TRANSPORT WILL BRING NEW MEN

Chevroned Soldiers of Cavalry
Infantry and Coast Artillery
Affected By Transfers

A change of great importance to the noncommissioned officers of the Fourth Cavalry, First Infantry, Second Infantry, Twenty-fifth Infantry and Coast Artillery Corps serving in Hawaii, will be made in the near future, according to war department orders received yesterday. Many of the noncommissioned officers of the Fourth Cavalry and Twenty-fifth Infantry will not expect a transfer for several months, but the order from Washington will change their plans and expectations in every way.

The following named enlisted men on the mainland are transferred to the organization on Oahu indicated, to take effect next January and will be sent to Fort McDowell, California, at such time as will enable them to sail from San Francisco in the February transport to Honolulu.

Transfers to Oahu Cavalry

Transferred to the Fourth Regiment—Regt. Co. M. Sgt. William W. Hall, 12th Cav.; Sgt. Maj. Samuel F. Ackley, 12th Cav.; 1st Sgt. Louis Fort, Troop B, 1st; Troop B; Thomas J. K. Wright, Troop M, 1st; Troop D; Sgt. Christian H. Early, Troop G, 1st; Troop B; Edmondson E. Cawthon, Troop F, 1st; Troop D; Edward S. Price, Troop G, 1st; Troop E, 1st; Sgt. James Hawkins, Troop M, 14th; Troop B; Q. M. Sgt. Henry Rodenbeck, Troop G, 14th; Troop B; Q. M. Sgt. Leon C. Baker, Troop D, 14th; Troop D; Q. M. Sgt. John West, Troop E, 14th; Troop B; Sgt. Robert W. Hanley, Troop A, 14th; Troop E; Harold Frederick, Troop K, 14th; Troop F; Alvin L. Matz, Troop K, 14th; Troop G; Larry E. Gaub, Troop L, 14th; Troop I; Henry Adams, Troop M, 14th; Troop K; Joseph Victor, Troop B, 14th; Troop E.

Infantry and Coast Artillery

Transferred to the First Regiment—Sgt. James H. Nix, Co. A, 30th; to Co. E; to Co. M.

Transferred to the Second Regiment—Sgt. Charles E. Wood, Co. B, 30th; to Co. K; Musician Frank Dias, Co. G, 30th; to Co. M.

Transferred to the Twenty-fifth Regiment—Sgt. Sam W. Hailley, Co. D, 24th; to Co. B; William Leavelle, Co. D, 24th; to Co. F; Moses Sanjers, Co. B, 24th; to Co. H; Clarence Donaldson, and Harry H. Valentine, Co. G, 24th; to Co. H; Willie Johnson, Co. I, 24th; to Co. K; Matthew Jackson, Co. I, 24th; to Company L.

Transfers to Mainland

Transferred from the Fourth Regiment, Cavalry—Regt. Co. M. Sgt. John B. Maloney, to the 23rd Cav.; Sgt. Maj. Henry L. Sapp to the 15th Cav.; First Sgt. Clarence Sweeney, Tr. B, to Tr. B, 1st; John A. Manton, Troop D, to Troop M, 1st; Sgt. John J. Kennedy, Tr. B, to Tr. G, 1st; George E. Allen, Tr. D, to Tr. F, 1st; Ross A. Griggs, Tr. E, to Tr. C, 1st; First Sgt. Harry H. Matthews, Tr. E, to Tr. N, 14th; Q. M. Sgt. Offa McCoy, Tr. B, to Tr. G, 14th; Tr. M, 14th; W. Sumner, Tr. E, to Tr. E, 14th; Q. M. Sgt. Henry C. Binder, Tr. D, to Tr. D, 14th; Sgt. William J. Tolmie, Tr. E, to Tr. B, 14th; Irwin Sturmwald, Tr. E, to Tr. A, 14th; James H. Jefferson, Tr. F, to Tr. K, 14th; Charles K. Brewer, Tr. G, to Tr. K, 14th; Horace F. McLean, Tr. J, to Tr. L, 14th; Joseph Harpster, Tr. J, to Tr. L, 14th.

Transfers from the First Regiment

Infantry—Sgt. John Mahon, Co. K, to Co. A, 30th.

Transfers from the Second Regiment

Infantry—Sgt. Garfield F. Hurst, Co. K, to Co. B, 30th Inf.

Transfers from the Twenty-fifth Regiment

Sgt. Edward W. Pace, Co. E, to Co. D, 24th; Eyril McD. Hart, Co. F, to Co. D, 24th; Robert Banks, Co. H, to Co. E, 24th; James Gill and Benjamin F. Fort, Co. H, to Co. G, 24th; William U. Fox, Co. K, to Co. I, 24th; Elmer E. Willis, Co. I, to Co. I, 24th.

From Coast Artillery

Transferred from the Coast Artillery Corps—Q. M. Sgt. William F. Haydock, 68th Co., to 66th Co.; Sgts. Joe Rodack, 68th Co., to 25th Co.; Constantine J. Kromer, to the 38th Co.; John Dick, 68th Co., to the 64th Co.; Benjamin E. Kelly, 68th Co., to 65th Co.; Alexander J. Moore, 68th Co., to 67th Co.; and Sheldon E. Chase, 68th Co., to 14th Co.

WANT TAFT NAMED IN LAMAR'S PLACE

(Associated Press by Federal Wire.)

NEW YORK, January 11.—Many prominent lawyers, including former Senator Elihu Root of New York, Judge Allen B. Farley and J. M. Dickinson, former secretary of war, have signed a round robin letter urging the President to appoint former President Taft to the supreme court.

He would fill the vacancy left by the death of Associate Justice Lamar.

Those signing the petition include both Democrats and Republicans.

Japanese To Cut Carnival Out of Pique

Many Nipponese Miffed By Ban
On Aviator and Sake
Tabu

There are at least two reasons why some Japanese of Honolulu oppose participation in the Carnival. They continue to be irritated at the refusal of Governor Pinkham to permit Samura, a Japanese aviator, to fly here in the autumn of 1914, although the Chinese birdman, Tsou Gann, had flown before, and they are angered over the effort of Acting Consul General Arita of Japan, to tabu sake at the coronation ceremonies.

Just what connection the disgruntled ones can find between Governor Pinkham's refusal to permit Samura to fly and the Carnival, and between sake and the Carnival, puzzles the Caucasian mind, but they have found it. Because they consider the Governor as shading for the community as a whole, they oppose the Carnival, and because they know that Mr. Arita, as consul, appointed T. Onodera as chairman of the Japanese Carnival committee, they oppose the Carnival. There may be other reasons, but these two were outlined yesterday by a Japanese who knows whereof he speaks.

Nevertheless, this Japanese said, there is no doubt that the Japanese will have a lantern parade as usual. "We have 10,000 Japanese here; we do not need the Maunakea street people; they did not join us last year, but we had the parade anyway," he explained.

Thus far, the Hawaii Hochi has not taken a stand in regard to the Carnival. Last year it and the Hawaii Shinpo opposed Japanese participation, but the Shinpo changed its attitude. This year the Shinpo is leading the fight against participation, as shown by an editorial expression yesterday morning. The Nippon Jiji, the afternoon paper, has not taken a stand, but it is believed it will be for participation.

Mass Meeting Called

These questions will be discussed at a mass meeting to be held the latter part of this week or the first of next. Mr. Onodera is expected to call the meeting to feel out Japanese sentiment. A meeting of a tentative committee was called for Monday evening, but leading members, such as Mr. Arita, the representative of the merchants' association and the Yokohama Specie bank, could not attend, so it was postponed. The meeting probably will be held at the Japanese school on Nuuanu avenue.

A. K. Ozawa had been chairman of the Japanese Carnival committee for several years, but his departure for Japan last year because of illness necessitated the appointment of another. Mr. Ozawa is expected to return here next month, but too late to be of much assistance.

HAWAII BUILDING TO BE PRESERVED

Territorial Auditor Returns From
Coast Endorsing Proposition
To Perpetuate Pavilion

J. H. Fisher, territorial auditor, returned in the Lurline yesterday with Mrs. Fisher from a six weeks' vacation visit to San Francisco, Los Angeles, San Diego, Berkeley, Los Gatos and other points of interest in California.

While in San Francisco, Mr. Fisher represented territorial Secretary Thayer in negotiations with the preservation league for the transfer of the Hawaii building to that organization, which guarantees the structure permanent maintenance as a standing advertisement for the islands.

Mr. Fisher, as well as Mr. Thayer and other officials, approved the scheme and it is likely the building will be transferred to the league in legal form, temporarily by means of a lease, until the legislature can meet and authorize it as a gift to California.

The auditor says if the edifice were sold outright the Territory could not realize more than ten per cent of its cost, which was \$20,000. Like other structures of its kind, the building is worth only what second hand or scrap material will bring. An idea of what this means, says Fisher, may be gained from the fact that larger buildings costing \$200,000 to \$300,000 have sold since the exposition closed for \$3000 or \$4000.

While Hawaii would realize nothing in immediate cash by giving the building and shifting it to a more advantageous location, The Hawaiian view and names and the fish exhibit would be kept intact, however, and the edifice will be just as representative as it is today.

SNOW COVERS MOUNTAINS

Passengers arriving here in the Matsonia from Hilo say that Mauna Loa and Mauna Kea are completely covered with snow as far down as the forest line. The snow line is lower this year than it is reported to have been before for many years.

GREAT SCHOOL OF MULLET

A great school of mullet, estimated at several thousand, has been observed for several days off Fort De Russy. The fish are tabu at the present time.

BOURBON SENATOR FLAILS HIS PARTY

Continuation of War Only Hope
of Democracy, Says New-
lands of Nevada

(Associated Press by Federal Wire.)
WASHINGTON, January 11.—President Wilson's policy concerning the European war is the overwhelming issue of the hour for the United States, and the issue on which the Democratic party must hope for success in the coming national election, declared Francis G. Newlands, senator from Nevada, today in a significant speech in the upper house.

In the course of an address in which he strongly criticized his own party, the Nevada Democrat predicted defeat for the Democrats unless the war continues through the coming campaign. Senator Newlands attacked the record of Democracy since the party came into power by the election of 1912, criticizing the tariff and banking legislation, which the Democrats allege have brought needed reforms. He asserted that because there has been industrial and commercial depression at the same time as the Democrats have been in control, the party is in danger of defeat at the next presidential election unless the war continues. He made the President's handling of foreign affairs, which he referred to as "sagacious and wise," the overshadowing issue before the country at the present time.

Although Senator Newlands characterized the trend of legislation as commendable, he asserted that the party is too radical in the laws it is passing. He believed, he declared, that "no party can hope to remain in power, which adopts radical instead of evolutionary methods of reform."

PEARL HARBOR WINS PRAISE OF ADMIRAL

Only Place Under Flag For Dock-
ing Proposed Battle Cruisers

(Associated Press by Federal Wire.)
WASHINGTON, January 12.—Rear Admiral Stanford, head of the bureau of yards and docks, who appeared before the navy committee of the house yesterday, at the hearing of the naval appropriation bills, said that the building of the big battle cruisers outlined in the program would necessitate the construction of docks for them.

There are at present no docks in the continent of America capable of handling these craft, the Admiral said, adding that "Pearl Harbor is the only place under the American flag where such vessels could be taken care of properly."

YOUNGSTOWN STRIKE BROUGHT TO AN END

Steel Workers Accept Ten Per
Cent Increase of Wages

(Associated Press by Federal Wire.)

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio, January 12.—The strike of the employees of the Youngstown Sheet Steel Company has been formally declared off by the leaders of the workers.

Following a conference between officials of the company, leaders of the unions and city officials, yesterday afternoon, it was announced that the men had decided to accept the offer of ten per cent increase of wages, made by the company some days ago.

It is reported that the strikers will return to work this morning, and militia officers, who have been guarding the city for several days, announced that their commands probably will be ordered home today.

PLANS FOR STRONGER MILITIA NOW PROPOSED

(Associated Press by Federal Wire.)
WASHINGTON, January 11.—Plans to strengthen the National Guard of the United States instead of establishing a continental army have been proposed to the President by Chairman Hay of the house committee on military affairs. Under these plans the members of the guard would get regular pay and be taken into the regular army in war time. Chairman Hay said that the plan will bring 130,000 men into the regular army and within two years make it possible to bring in 400,000.

BITTER WEATHER REPORTED

(Associated Press by Federal Wire.)
MINNEAPOLIS, January 11.—Northwestern states and Canadian points report the coldest weather in years. At Battleford, Saskatchewan, the temperature is forty-eight degrees below zero.

VISCOUNT TAKASHIMA DEAD

(Special Cable to Hawaii Ship.)
TOKYO, January 11.—Lieut. Gen. Viscount T. Takashima died today at his residence in this city. He was one of the best known generals in the Japanese army, and was twice Japanese minister of war.

DO YOU COUGH?

Don't strain the fine membrane of your throat by trying to dislodge the phlegm. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy will accomplish this for you, and cure the cold that is causing it. For sale by all dealers. Benson Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

CIRCUIT JUDGES KNOW NO WAY TO PRUNE EXPENSES

In Conference With City Officials
Deficit For Biennial Period
Looms Large

CRIMINAL PROCEEDINGS RUN BILLS UP RAPIDLY

Supervisors, On Other Hand, Are
Forbidden To Provide Against
Court Bankruptcy

From July 1 to December 31, 1915, the expenses of the three divisions of the local circuit court reached \$10,374.00. At this rate the expenses of the court for the whole of the biennial period, ending June 30, 1917, will amount to \$41,491.64.

How to stretch an appropriation of \$29,000, after deducting the \$10,374.00 spent during the first quarter of the period, so that the balance, or \$18,625.34, will suffice for the coming eighteen months, was the problem that was discussed yesterday in conference between Circuit Judges Ashford and Whitney, on the one hand, and Mayor Lane, Supervisors Shingle and Logan, Deputy City Auditor Lloyd and Deputy City Attorneys Crispy and Cardon, on the other hand. Judge Stuart, who was on the bench in his division at the time, was unable to attend the conference.

Legislature Sets Figure

The last legislature limited the amount the municipality could appropriate for court expenses during the current biennial period to \$29,000, or \$2250 for each quarter of the period, that is, each six months, had the appropriation available been evenly pro-rated. At this rate the court expenses for the first six months exceeded the pro rata for the time by \$3,124.66. Unless there is a saving somewhere, the expense of the three divisions for the eighteen months ending June 30, 1917, will amount to \$41,423.08. There is available for the same period only \$18,625.34. It is here where the "rub" comes in.

Several schemes of how to cut down operating expenses were discussed at the conference, but they were all given up, practically, as impracticable. The municipal end of the conference left Judge Ashford's quarters with a rather slim and vague idea that in some manner or other the way will be found whereby the two evils will be made to meet.

Juror's Fees Run Up

The greatest item of expense to the three divisions of the first circuit court during the past six months were the fees and mileage paid to the grand and trial jurors, the total amounting to \$4,088.10, all of which expenses for the same period amounting to but \$1,100.56. In some indefinable way the conference felt that during the remainder of the biennial period sufficient might be saved in jurors' fees and mileage to make the two ends meet, but how to do this is something the municipal officials will wrestle with in the future.

Big Wave Of Opinions

"There was an unusually great wave of crime in Honolulu during the first six months of the period," said Judge Ashford, "and it looks to me as if there will be an improvement for the better in this regard for the future."

"My division and that of Judge Stuart incurred the major share of the expense. In Judge Stuart's court there was a big congestion of civil cases to be tried before jury, owing to the absence of a judge in that division for some time before Judge Stuart's appointment. He claimed the major portion of the extra load during the past six months and it is unlikely that jury trials during the balance of the present period will be anything in number like what they were in the past."

"In my division, where criminal cases must be tried, I feel that there will be a large falling off for the future, unless I am much mistaken. I look for a reduction in jurors' fees and mileage in my court."

Whitney's Outlook Better

Judge Whitney of the second division had but one jury trial during the past six months—the Stewart & Co. Spaulding damage suit—but it required about \$1350 for jurors' fees and mileage, the trial lasting over forty days.

"I don't look for anything like it in the near future," Judge Whitney said. "At least, I hope for no more such long-winded and expensive trials. And, again, I don't suppose John Anderson's Ford will require \$129.40 again for repairs."

It is understood that the probation officer has by this time learned to drive his car and that repairs will be kept down to a minimum.

Even though the circuit judges and the city officials who attended yesterday's conference do not know exactly how \$18,625.34 will be made to meet the expenses for the next eighteen months, when the past six months ran up to \$10,374.06, the outlook is optimistic.

Fishermen Doubtful

On the other hand students of local finances are not at all satisfied with the outlook and they fear a repetition of what happened when the legislature was in session early last year, when it was found necessary for the lawmakers to raise a special appropriation of \$5000 to cover a deficit in the

'HERE VAPORINGS' SAYS WHITEHOUSE

Answers Grand Jury Statements
Anent 'Overhead' In Road
Work

"Innocent vaporings of irresponsible sophistry," is what L. M. Whitehouse, former city engineer, called the statement recently made by members of the grand jury that the road department is spending eighty cents overhead charge for every dollar expended in road construction.

"Why is worse than a crime to make a statement like that," laughed Whitehouse last night, in speaking of the grand jury's charge, "it's foolishness, pure and undefiled. I cannot imagine where on earth the gentlemen of the grand jury got that idea. The only figures they had so far as I know, I gave them myself."

"Some time ago W. J. Coon, chairman of the committee appointed to investigate the roads of the county came to me and asked me for data upon which to base their report. I gave him my reports covering the period from January 1, 1912, to December 31, 1914—two years, and statements covering more or less approximately, the period from January, 1913, until May 30, 1915, two years and five months."

"Now I know what those figures were. I have them on my desk in my office and by no stretch of the mind could I imagine that they be made to bear out the statement of the gentlemen of the grand jury. Here for instance is a sample statement for March, 1915. It is typical of all of the rest of the period mentioned. It shows that in March, we spent a total of \$15,570 on road work. This was divided as follows: office expenses, \$242; stables, \$275; quarry, \$574; cleaning streets, \$1040; sprinkling streets, \$661; repairs to equipment, \$1264. This amounts to \$8144. The balance of the amount expended, \$7426, was expended on road work."

Only Overhead Charge

"Now of this \$8144 it is only fair to say that the stable cost, \$275, was charged off to street work. This is figured on a basis of so much per animal per day. The same is true of the quarry charge, \$574, for the rock taken from the quarry went into street repairs and was charged against the job at cost price."

"Sitting it down then the only real, unquestioned overhead charge is that for office expenses, \$242; and possibly that for repairs to equipment, \$1264. That is a long way from eighty cents on the dollar."

"But take the entire sum, \$8144, upon which I suppose that, and similar sums in other months of the period, and it is still a long way from eighty cents on the dollar. I figure it at but a little more than fifty per cent."

"However, give the devil his due. There has been money wasted in the street and road work of the county, doubtless, but certainly the statement of the jurymen that we were expending eighty dollars to spend \$100 is nothing but the innocent vaporings of irresponsible sophistry."

LEGISLATURE AMENDS DIRECT PRIMARY LAW

California Solons Buy Normal
School and Adjourn

(Associated Press by Federal Wire.)
SACRAMENTO, January 11.—The special session of the legislature adjourned today, after passing an amendment to the direct primary law.

This amendment provides for the declaration of party affiliation and an amendment to the present presidential primary law, making it conform with the non-partisan legislation law.

The legislature also appropriated funds to purchase the California state building site at San Francisco for the Exposition Normal School, and for the continuance of the San Diego exposition. The cost of the special session was \$15,800.

There are those who hold that the city may pass an emergency appropriation when the present amount available becomes exhausted, but others claim this cannot be done, for the legislature has specifically told the city how much to pay for court expenses. In the case of the schools a provision is made by the legislature which enables the local municipalities and the various counties to go above the appropriations indicated, should this become necessary, but there is no such provision in the matter of the circuit court expenses.

Six Months Court Expenses

The actual running expenses of the local circuit court were as follows for the six months ended December 31, 1915:

Trial jury fees, \$6734.20; and meals \$209.90, a total of \$6944.10; grand jury fees, \$1816, and mileage, \$518, a total of \$2334, or a grand total, for both sets of juries, of \$9288.10.

All other expenses: Fees of the two jury commissioners, \$150; office supplies and expenses, \$447; expense of probation officer's auto (Miss Lucy K. Ward), \$40; assigned counsel, \$50; regular payroll, interpreters and bailiffs, \$300, and automobile repairs (John Christian Anderson's car), \$129.40; total \$1106.56. Grand total of court expenses for the past six months \$10,374.06.

These figures are from a statement issued from the office of the city auditor and are presumed to be correct.

RESTRICTION UPON TRAVEL IS SEVERE

Americans Going To Canada Or
Australia Must Register On
Arrival There

"Restrictions upon Americans traveling in countries actively engaged in the war are becoming more severe, according to information from the State Department received yesterday by Foster Davis, clerk of the United States district court of Hawaii.

Passports are absolutely necessary to gain entrance to any of the European countries and those can be obtained here only through the office of the clerk of the United States district court.

It appears now that persons from the United States entering the United Kingdom, which includes Canada and Australia, must register with the proper local authorities within twenty-eight days after their arrival in those countries. Passports to Russia must show definitely the names of places the traveler wishes to visit and the purpose of his visit at each point. Persons desiring to proceed to any of these countries are advised to obtain authentic information from diplomatic or consular representatives here before leaving the United States. The State Department has advised Clerk Davis as follows:

"In view of the regulations now in force in European countries it is advisable that wives, children over 9 years of age, and servants should have separate passports, applied for in the same way as a passport for the head of the family."

"American citizens going directly to France from the United States are required to have passports issued by French diplomatic or consular offices in the United States. An application for a visa should be made to the French consulate in this country within the jurisdiction of which the applicant resides. The application should be made at least three days before it is necessary to obtain the visa. An American citizen who does not directly from this country to France, but who stops in some other foreign country before visiting France, should inquire of the American or French diplomatic representatives in such foreign country concerning the special formalities which it will be necessary for him to fulfill before entering French territory."

"All persons entering the United Kingdom are required to register with the appropriate local authorities within 28 days after arrival."

"The department has also been informed that rigid restrictions have been placed upon all travel between England and the Continent of Europe."

"Admission to Belgium from Holland is understood to be practically forbidden to travelers from England."

"Russian regulations require that the passport must state definitely the names of the places in Russia which the holder expects to visit and the objects of his visits thereto."

"For further and more authentic information concerning restrictions upon travel in foreign countries it is necessary to apply to diplomatic or consular representatives of those countries."

"The department of State can not undertake to advise Americans as to the routes which they should follow in traveling abroad."

SUPERVISORS DECLARE THEY CAN CHANGE YEAR

New Board Will Come In Beginning
Fiscal Period

When is a fiscal year not a fiscal year? is what is worrying the folk in the city hall these days. Supervisor Logan's resolution which was introduced and passed first reading at the meeting of the supervisors on Monday is coming in for its share of criticism. The supervisors say that upon once and for all to fix the calendar and ask why should not the chosen seven of the great municipality of Honolulu be able to fix their own year if they so desire?

After due consideration of the fact that their term has been lengthened by six months, and that they had eighteen months to go, it was decided to make the new board come in at the beginning of the fiscal year. To do this it would be necessary to make a change in the municipal year. They had the advice of the city attorney's office in the matter and think that they are within the law in doing what they have done.

The auditor has been asked to figure out the effect of their action on their income and will hand his figures to the solons in a day or two.

RAPID TRANSIT SUIT FORMALLY DISMISSED

Another legal step was taken in Judge Stuart's court yesterday in the injunction suit of the Territory against the Honolulu Rapid Transit and Land Company, when the presiding judge signed the following decree:

"This cause coming on for hearing on the bill, answer, stipulations of fact agreed on by the parties and other evidence submitted by the respective parties, and after hearing argument of counsel, the court having filed its decision in writing, it is:

"Ordered, adjudged and decreed: That the bill be dismissed at plaintiff's cost and that the temporary injunction herein issued be dissolved."

Steps are being taken by Attorney General Robinson, it is understood, at the instance of Governor Pinkham, to take the case to the supreme court of the Territory.

PROMOTION PLANS INCREASE BUDGET ADDED THOUSANDS

Committee Will Ask \$3000 More
Than Appropriation of
Last Year

MUCH ADVERTISING OF TERRITORY TO BE DONE

Branch Office May Be Opened
In City of Southern
California

A budget calling for an expenditure of \$33,000 was approved yesterday afternoon by the Hawaiian promotion committee, and in a conference with the finance and auditing committee of the chamber of commerce, it was decided to lay the whole before the directorate of chamber at a meeting to be held this afternoon.

The budget which is based upon last year's estimate, or about \$50,000, calls for an additional \$3,000 to cover the committee's proposed publicity campaign on the mainland. This will involve considerable magazine and newspaper advertising in addition to the other forms of publicity planned by the secretary of the committee, A. P. Taylor. The increased figures also include the cost of opening a branch of the committee in Southern California.

Members J. P. Cooke, J. F. Hagens and E. M. Bishop, the finance and audit committee, declared themselves as well pleased with the amount of work accomplished by the committee last year, and especially with the manner in which the work had been done.

It was decided to get aside